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After Venice, Tillers finds the space

Art Review

By PHYLLIS WOOLCOCK

THEY are, of course, made for each other. I mean the paintings of Sydney painter Imants Tillers and the walls of the central gallery at the Queensland Art Gallery.

Tillers, whose six paintings have started an Australian tour here direct from representing Australia at the Venice Biennale, admits that in Venice things were a trifle cramped. Not that the Venetians are to blame for this situation. We have no permanent

place of our own for a representative there.

By the next Biennale in 1988 the Visual Arts Board hopes to have arranged for the building of a permanent special pavilion in Venice in celebration

of Australia's Bicentennial Year.

One of Australia's most highly regarded young contemporary artists, Tillers is a special case when it comes to space. His *Heart of the Wood* painting is 280 x 648 cm and comprises 388 canvas boards of a standard size 25 x 38 cm. And most of his paintings are around this size.

It is the scale of his work and the beauty of his painted surfaces with their infinite variety which

first hit you as you enter.
He told me: "Basically, I want to make beautiful images and other aspects are secondary." And I be-

But, also basically, he reminds us of the reproductions of our Australian childhood and the way we saw the world's great art through the mechanical process of reproduction before we had any chance of seeing the original. This was the natural order of seeing for Australians.

In the catalogue for the Venice Biennale the artist refers to the purchase of Pollock's *Blue Poles* and how having this immensely high quality painting results in "the inversion of the normal state of affairs that of artists outside Australia 'recreating'

works of art that are here.'

He also refers to Enzo Cucchi's painting The Wind of the Black Roosters, 1982, which was later bought by the Australian National Gallery, as an event which "undermines our sense of protection from 'originals' from their aura, their surface and their authority.

His own six paintings offer no such protection. In a sense they are "reborn images, textured, surfaced and capable of realising the actuality of their reali-

In his approach to his work, Tillers is described as selecting images of largely high art painting and then drawing a grid over torn out reproductions so that each gridded section can be enlarged by copying on to a small canvas board. These are then ar-



IMANTS TILLERS with his painting Heart of the Wood at the Queensland Art Gallery.

ranged to form much larger paintings and, while retaining their original imagery, are transformed into new works.

Stacked and numbered, the board pieces can be stored in Tillers' home studio before exhibitions. Put together for exhibitions, they can be decomposed and stacked after the exhibition is over — a process which could easily lend itself to ideas of sculpture.

While Tillers transforms, varies and reconstitutes images rather than makes them, talking to him you realise that his particular kind of "appropriation" springs from a wealth of ideas and behind each painting is a different idea.

Both title and subject of Mt Analogue came from a story or parable about mountain climbing written in the thirties by Rene Daumal. Tillers wanted a 19th Century painter to match the idea and found it in Von Guerard's original painting of Mt Kosciusko with its moonlight over mountains and rocks. This is one of his most compelling paintings and I believe has been bought by the State gallery which owns Von Guerard's original.

Tillers goes through a process of identification with the image and then tries to emphasise that. Each painting is also a step to other paintings. He

found making Heart of the Wood traumatic, the next painting made the references to deal more overt than in the entirely explicit Kief spired work.

In this, I am the Door, Polke (wasn't he the who claimed to defy mechanical reproduction? the death of Pagannini provide the central ir but he has introduced a Carl Andre door. While dre fails to excite me either on the floor or rais door level, I like the underlays which Tiller: used here very much. He has used metallic cold pewter and gold which give a shimmering ligh to the light touches already given to this parti scenario of doom.

The Psychic for Yves Klein is a kind of mem to the French painter who died in 1960. His lo blue was well known and has been emphasis this painting. The Kondratiev Wave, an evocati Richter, can be enjoyed without knowing that dratiev was a Russian who believed that all th come in cycles.

The enshrinement of Georgio de Chirico Hyperborean and the Speluncar) is only on Tillers' "transformations" and dazzling exercis color in which a touch of humor adds intelled stimulation.